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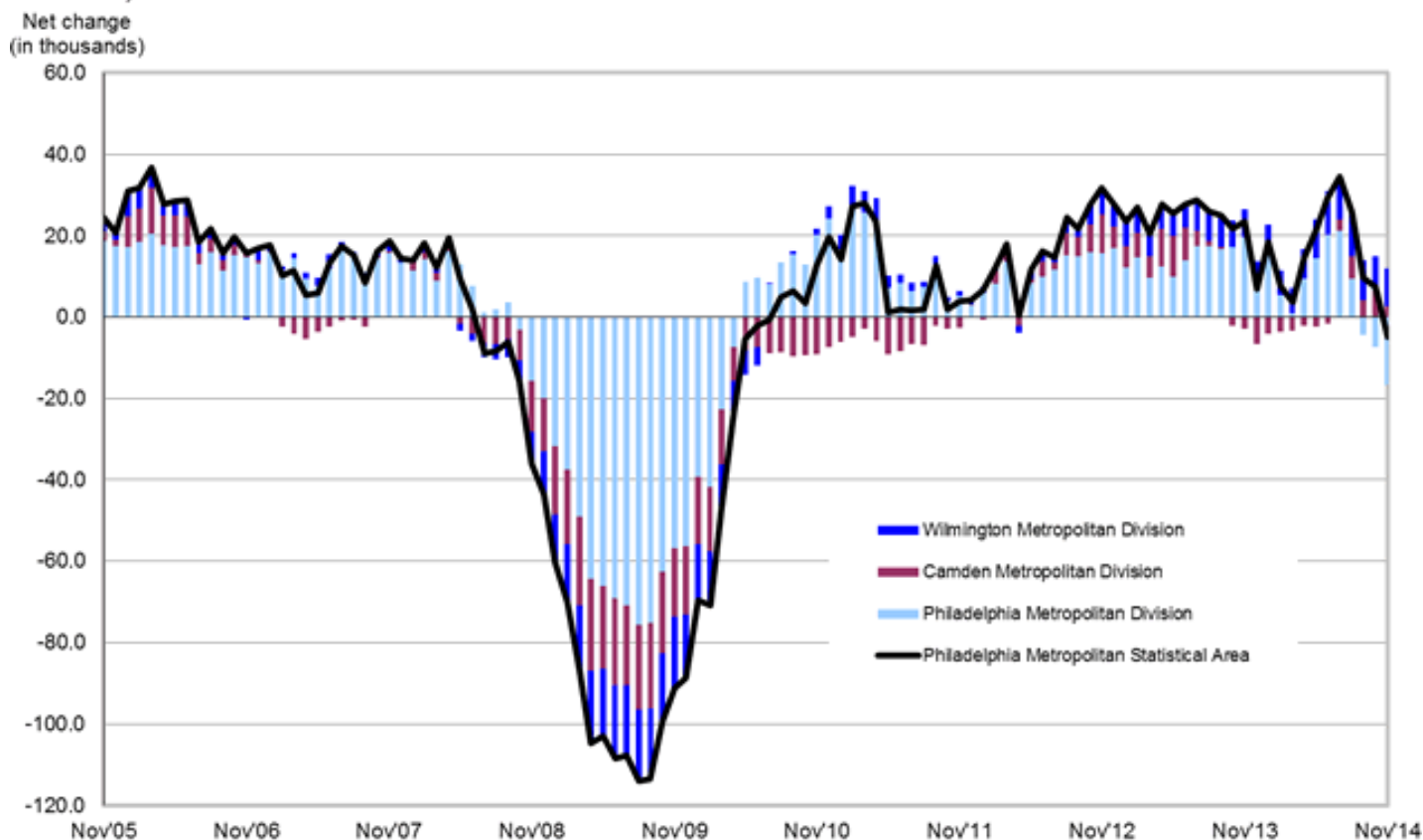
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## Philadelphia Area Employment - November 2014

### Local Employment Declined 0.2 Percent Over the Year

Total nonfarm employment for the Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 2,790,900 in November 2014, down 4,800, or 0.2 percent, over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. During the same period, the national job count increased 2.0 percent. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that the recent decline was the first over-the-year employment decrease in the Philadelphia area since July 2010. (See [chart 1](#) and [table 1](#); Technical Note at end of release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

**Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Philadelphia metropolitan area and its divisions, November 2005-November 2014**



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

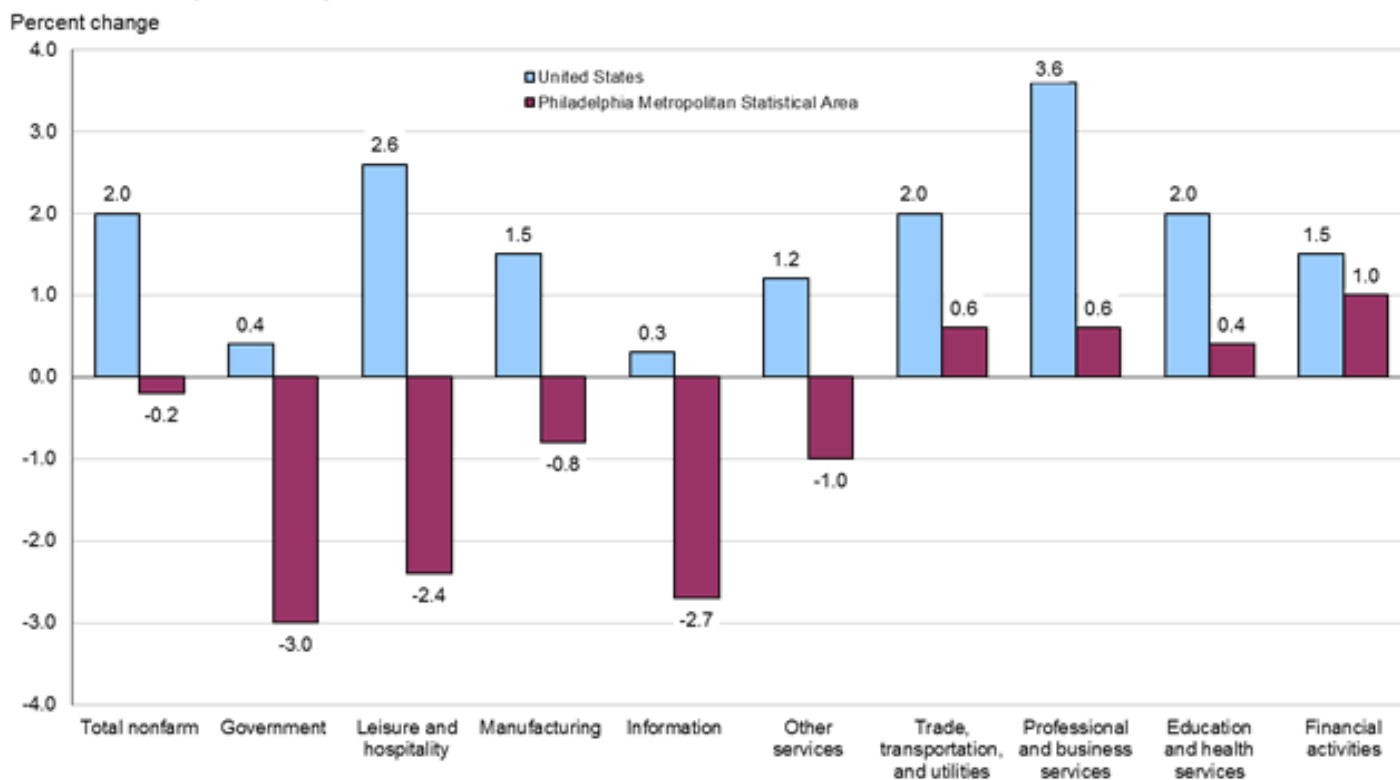
The Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area is made up of three metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the greater metropolitan area. The Philadelphia Metropolitan Division, with 69 percent of the area’s employment, lost 16,700 jobs since last November—the largest over-the-year decrease since March 2010. The Camden Metropolitan Division, with 18 percent of local employment, added 2,700 jobs over the last 12 months. The Wilmington Metropolitan Division, with the smallest share of local employment at 13 percent, added the most jobs in the area, 9,200.

## Industry employment

In the greater Philadelphia metropolitan area, government recorded the largest employment decrease from November 2013 to November 2014, losing 10,500 jobs, a decline of 3.0 percent. Most of the job loss was located in the Philadelphia division, particularly in local government educational services which lost 6,400 jobs. Nationwide, government employment increased by 0.4 percent. (See [chart 2](#).)

Leisure and hospitality employment decreased by 5,700 since last November, the second-largest decline in the Philadelphia area. Almost all of the decrease was centered in the Philadelphia division (-5,100). The Philadelphia area’s 2.4-percent decline in leisure and hospitality employment contrasted with the nationwide increase of 2.6 percent.

**Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Philadelphia metropolitan area, November 2014**



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Three other supersectors lost more than 1,000 jobs in the Philadelphia area from November 2013 to November 2014—manufacturing (-1,400); information (-1,300); and other services (-1,200). While the Philadelphia area lost jobs, the U.S. gained jobs in all three of these supersectors.

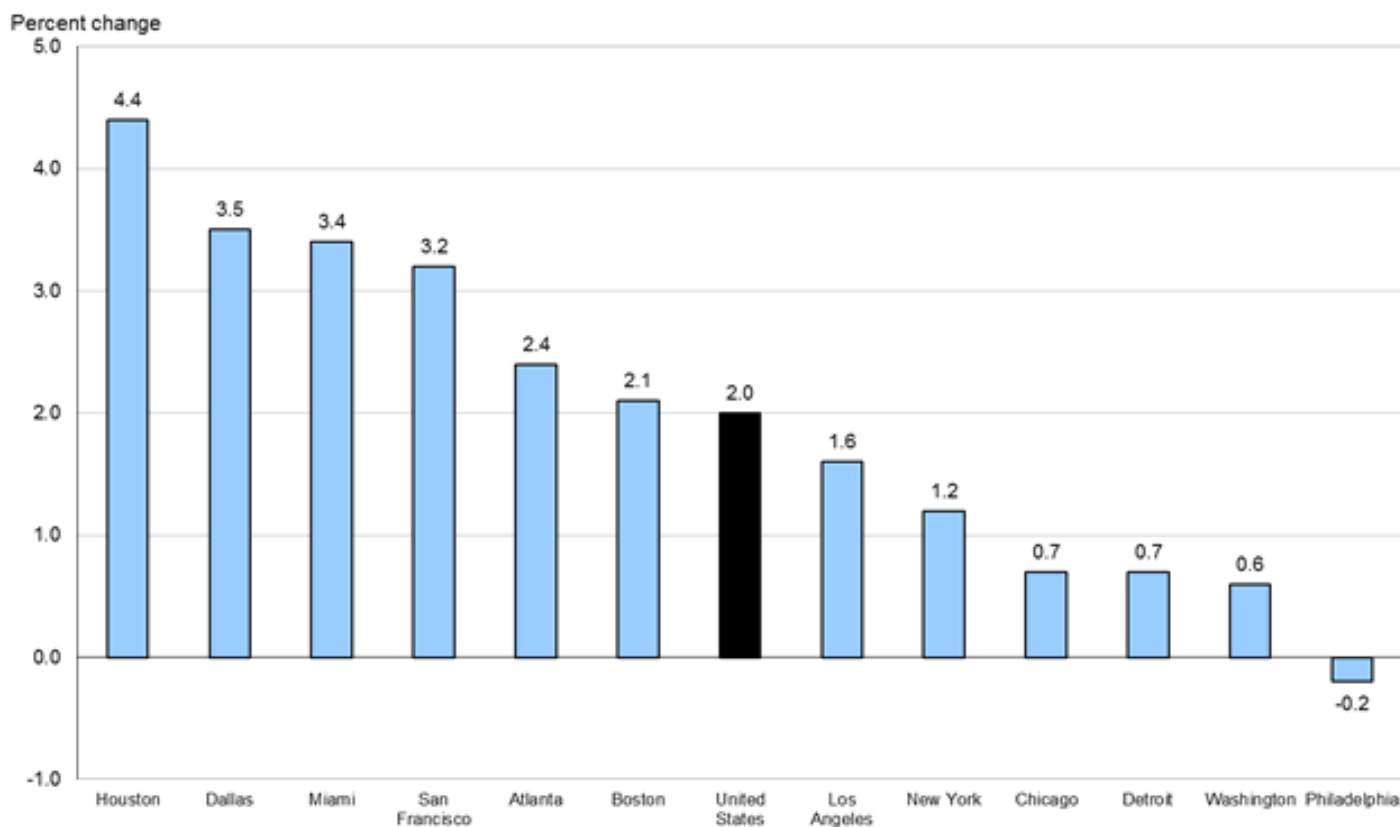
In the Philadelphia area, mining, logging, and construction gained the most jobs (4,600) since last year. Most of the increase was centered in the Philadelphia division (3,800). Trade, transportation, and utilities added 3,300 jobs, a gain of 0.6 percent over the year. The national growth rate for the trade, transportation, and utilities supersector was 2.0 percent over the last 12 months.

Three other supersectors gained more than 1,000 jobs in the Philadelphia area from November 2013 to November 2014—professional and business services (2,800), education and health services (2,600), and financial activities (2,000). In each case, the national growth rates for these industries exceeded those of the Philadelphia area.

## Twelve largest metropolitan areas

Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in November 2014. Eleven of these areas experienced over-the-year job growth, with six exceeding the national average of 2.0 percent. The fastest rate of job growth was in Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, up 4.4 percent, followed by Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, at 3.5 percent. Washington-Arlington-Alexandria had the slowest rate of job growth, 0.6 percent. Philadelphia had the only over-the-year decline, down 0.2 percent. (See [chart 3](#) and [table 2.](#))

**Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas November 2014**



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Houston area added the largest number of jobs, 125,300, since November 2013. Two other metropolitan areas gained more than 100,000 jobs— Dallas (111,500) and New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island (107,900). Detroit recorded the smallest employment gain over the year, up 12,500 jobs, while Philadelphia lost 4,800 jobs.

Professional and business services led employment growth in 4 of the 12 metropolitan areas over the year: Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, Dallas, San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, and Washington. Education and health services also recorded the largest gains in four areas: Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, Houston, Los-Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, and New York.

Over the year, manufacturing recorded the largest over-the-year loss of jobs in three areas—Dallas, Los Angeles, and New York. Boston, Houston, and Miami experienced no annual job losses for any supersector.

### Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

**Definitions.** Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System

**Method of estimation.** The employment data are estimated using a "link relative" technique in which a ratio (link relative) of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these ratios. Small-domain models are used as the official estimators for approximately 39 percent of CES published series which have insufficient sample for direct sample-based estimates.

**Annual revisions.** Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

**Reliability of the estimates.** The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey and administrative data and thus are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

**Employment estimates.** Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the supersector level are available on the BLS Web site at [www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm](http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm). Information on recent benchmark revisions for states is available at [www.bls.gov/sae/](http://www.bls.gov/sae/).

### Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in Employment and Earnings, which is available online at [www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm](http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm). Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the Current Employment Statistics program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at [www.bls.gov/sae/](http://www.bls.gov/sae/).

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget, dated December 1, 2009. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at [www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm).

The **Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area** includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.

- The **Camden, N.J. Metropolitan Division** includes Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties in New Jersey.
- The **Philadelphia, Pa. Metropolitan Division** includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The **Wilmington, Del.-Md.-N.J. Metropolitan Division** includes New Castle County in Delaware; Cecil County in Maryland; and Salem County in New Jersey.

**Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)**

Area	Nov 2013	Sep 2014	Oct 2014	Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	Nov 2013 to	
					Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	
					Net change	Percent change
<b>Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md. Metropolitan Statistical Area</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	2,795.7	2,761.4	2,782.7	2,790.9	-4.8	-0.2
Mining, logging, and construction.....	107.9	112.7	112.0	112.5	4.6	4.3
Manufacturing.....	180.4	179.3	179.0	179.0	-1.4	-0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	519.5	511.7	515.5	522.8	3.3	0.6
Information.....	47.5	45.9	45.8	46.2	-1.3	-2.7
Financial activities.....	202.7	204.5	204.4	204.7	2.0	1.0
Professional and business services.....	443.2	443.6	445.1	446.0	2.8	0.6
Education and health services.....	585.7	577.6	585.3	588.3	2.6	0.4
Leisure and hospitality.....	240.3	242.7	240.6	234.6	-5.7	-2.4
Other services.....	122.0	120.1	120.9	120.8	-1.2	-1.0
Government.....	346.5	323.3	334.1	336.0	-10.5	-3.0
<b>Philadelphia, Pa. Metropolitan Division</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	1,935.7	1,900.4	1,915.6	1,919.0	-16.7	-0.9
Mining, logging, and construction.....	69.4	73.4	73.1	73.2	3.8	5.5
Manufacturing.....	126.9	125.6	125.2	125.0	-1.9	-1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	342.6	336.1	339.3	344.4	1.8	0.5
Information.....	36.8	35.7	35.7	36.0	-0.8	-2.2
Financial activities.....	132.0	132.6	132.4	132.3	0.3	0.2
Professional and business services.....	313.9	309.1	310.2	308.4	-5.5	-1.8
Education and health services.....	442.0	433.6	439.8	443.0	1.0	0.2
Leisure and hospitality.....	169.6	168.6	168.5	164.5	-5.1	-3.0
Other services.....	85.7	84.0	84.9	84.7	-1.0	-1.2
Government.....	216.8	201.7	206.5	207.5	-9.3	-4.3
<b>Philadelphia City, Pa.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	678.1	664.0	672.8	672.9	-5.2	-0.8
Mining, logging, and construction.....	10.7	10.7	10.9	11.1	0.4	3.7
Manufacturing.....	21.9	21.4	21.3	21.3	-0.6	-2.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	93.1	91.7	92.1	92.5	-0.6	-0.6
Information.....	11.6	11.3	11.2	11.3	-0.3	-2.6
Financial activities.....	41.0	41.0	41.1	40.9	-0.1	-0.2
Professional and business services.....	86.5	86.2	87.5	87.1	0.6	0.7
Education and health services.....	215.9	210.2	215.3	216.1	0.2	0.1
Leisure and hospitality.....	66.2	64.7	65.1	64.2	-2.0	-3.0
Other services.....	27.7	27.7	28.1	28.0	0.3	1.1
Government.....	103.5	99.1	100.2	100.4	-3.1	-3.0
<b>Camden, N.J. Metropolitan Division</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	511.5	509.1	513.7	514.2	2.7	0.5
Mining, logging, and construction.....	22.1	22.5	22.0	22.2	0.1	0.5
Manufacturing.....	35.1	35.2	35.3	35.4	0.3	0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	113.5	112.0	111.8	113.0	-0.5	-0.4
Information.....	6.3	5.9	5.8	5.8	-0.5	-7.9
Financial activities.....	29.9	30.1	30.1	30.1	0.2	0.7
Professional and business services.....	74.5	78.9	79.6	79.8	5.3	7.1
Education and health services.....	86.3	86.0	87.4	86.6	0.3	0.3
Leisure and hospitality.....	41.1	42.2	40.8	39.8	-1.3	-3.2
Other services.....	21.3	21.1	21.0	21.1	-0.2	-0.9
Government.....	81.4	75.2	79.9	80.4	-1.0	-1.2
<b>Wilmington, Del.-Md.-N.J. Metropolitan Division</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	348.5	351.9	353.4	357.7	9.2	2.6
Mining, logging, and construction.....	16.4	16.8	16.9	17.1	0.7	4.3
Manufacturing.....	18.4	18.5	18.5	18.6	0.2	1.1

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued**

Area	Nov 2013	Sep 2014	Oct 2014	Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	Nov 2013 to	
					Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	
					Net change	Percent change
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	63.4	63.6	64.4	65.4	2.0	3.2
Information .....	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.4	0.0	0.0
Financial activities .....	40.8	41.8	41.9	42.3	1.5	3.7
Professional and business services .....	54.8	55.6	55.3	57.8	3.0	5.5
Education and health services .....	57.4	58.0	58.1	58.7	1.3	2.3
Leisure and hospitality .....	29.6	31.9	31.3	30.3	0.7	2.4
Other services .....	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0
Government .....	48.3	46.4	47.7	48.1	-0.2	-0.4

Footnotes:

(p) = preliminary

**Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)**

Area	Nov 2013	Sep 2014	Oct 2014	Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	Nov 2013 to	
					Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	
					Net change	Percent change
<b>United States<sup>(1)</sup></b>						
Total nonfarm.....	138,536	139,753	140,804	141,301	2,765	2.0
Mining and logging .....	881	939	935	929	48	5.4
Construction .....	5,996	6,320	6,319	6,227	231	3.9
Manufacturing.....	12,051	12,230	12,229	12,237	186	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	26,600	26,416	26,639	27,126	526	2.0
Information .....	2,699	2,683	2,688	2,708	9	0.3
Financial activities .....	7,897	7,992	7,999	8,013	116	1.5
Professional and business services .....	18,975	19,453	19,602	19,663	688	3.6
Education and health services .....	21,488	21,511	21,825	21,914	426	2.0
Leisure and hospitality.....	14,148	14,885	14,727	14,522	374	2.6
Other services .....	5,461	5,508	5,525	5,529	68	1.2
Government.....	22,340	21,816	22,316	22,433	93	0.4
<b>Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, Ga.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	2,446.8	2,470.3	2,488.6	2,506.4	59.6	2.4
Mining and logging .....	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Construction .....	96.3	98.8	100.7	99.2	2.9	3.0
Manufacturing.....	150.8	154.2	153.5	154.1	3.3	2.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	549.6	550.6	560.0	573.8	24.2	4.4
Information .....	85.2	86.2	85.4	85.9	0.7	0.8
Financial activities .....	158.2	161.6	162.7	163.9	5.7	3.6
Professional and business services .....	442.2	453.0	455.9	455.5	13.3	3.0
Education and health services .....	299.8	298.0	300.8	302.1	2.3	0.8
Leisure and hospitality.....	249.8	255.9	256.7	256.9	7.1	2.8
Other services .....	93.8	91.7	91.5	92.3	-1.5	-1.6
Government.....	319.9	319.1	320.2	321.5	1.6	0.5
<b>Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, Mass.-N.H. (NECTA)</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	2,590.8	2,611.2	2,632.4	2,644.2	53.4	2.1
Mining and logging .....	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.1	20.0
Construction .....	91.6	94.5	95.3	93.6	2.0	2.2
Manufacturing.....	194.2	193.8	193.7	194.2	0.0	0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	419.9	415.4	419.6	427.0	7.1	1.7
Information .....	74.9	79.9	80.5	81.0	6.1	8.1
Financial activities .....	172.0	174.3	174.3	174.8	2.8	1.6
Professional and business services .....	441.2	448.7	451.2	450.2	9.0	2.0
Education and health services .....	549.0	547.6	559.2	564.2	15.2	2.8
Leisure and hospitality.....	241.0	254.4	251.7	248.5	7.5	3.1
Other services .....	98.7	100.1	101.2	101.3	2.6	2.6
Government.....	307.8	301.9	305.1	308.8	1.0	0.3
<b>Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, Ill.-Ind.-Wis.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	4,509.4	4,515.6	4,535.6	4,543.0	33.6	0.7
Mining and logging .....	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0
Construction .....	156.4	166.0	167.2	163.2	6.8	4.3
Manufacturing.....	408.1	406.6	406.4	407.9	-0.2	0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	926.3	905.5	912.8	924.5	-1.8	-0.2
Information .....	80.4	79.8	79.9	80.5	0.1	0.1
Financial activities .....	288.9	288.3	288.1	288.5	-0.4	-0.1
Professional and business services .....	783.5	799.8	800.5	799.2	15.7	2.0
Education and health services .....	691.4	681.1	690.8	695.4	4.0	0.6
Leisure and hospitality.....	424.4	440.6	435.9	429.1	4.7	1.1
Other services .....	191.2	192.5	192.8	191.3	0.1	0.1
Government.....	557.4	554.0	559.8	562.0	4.6	0.8
<b>Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas</b>						

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued**

Area	Nov 2013	Sep 2014	Oct 2014	Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	Nov 2013 to	
					Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	
					Net change	Percent change
Total nonfarm.....	3,149.1	3,221.3	3,244.6	3,260.6	111.5	3.5
Mining, logging, and construction.....	178.2	192.3	194.9	192.5	14.3	8.0
Manufacturing.....	257.8	256.8	257.1	256.5	-1.3	-0.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	659.3	667.0	675.2	685.3	26.0	3.9
Information .....	79.8	79.3	79.2	79.9	0.1	0.1
Financial activities .....	251.0	257.3	259.7	260.7	9.7	3.9
Professional and business services .....	496.4	526.9	529.3	531.5	35.1	7.1
Education and health services .....	389.2	392.6	395.9	400.3	11.1	2.9
Leisure and hospitality.....	322.6	333.3	329.9	327.5	4.9	1.5
Other services .....	112.8	114.6	114.9	114.7	1.9	1.7
Government.....	402.0	401.2	408.5	411.7	9.7	2.4
<b>Detroit-Warren-Livonia, Mich.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	1,886.1	1,877.6	1,891.3	1,898.6	12.5	0.7
Mining, logging, and construction.....	59.3	66.3	66.5	66.1	6.8	11.5
Manufacturing.....	235.1	234.7	238.1	240.8	5.7	2.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	356.5	352.0	357.0	362.1	5.6	1.6
Information .....	27.2	27.1	27.0	27.1	-0.1	-0.4
Financial activities .....	100.3	96.8	96.9	96.4	-3.9	-3.9
Professional and business services .....	366.9	367.1	369.1	369.2	2.3	0.6
Education and health services .....	299.4	295.5	299.1	301.7	2.3	0.8
Leisure and hospitality.....	172.4	177.4	173.5	169.1	-3.3	-1.9
Other services .....	77.5	76.3	75.9	76.8	-0.7	-0.9
Government.....	191.5	184.4	188.2	189.3	-2.2	-1.1
<b>Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, Texas</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	2,830.6	2,920.4	2,939.7	2,955.9	125.3	4.4
Mining and logging .....	106.9	118.0	117.7	117.0	10.1	9.4
Construction .....	189.2	203.0	206.1	205.4	16.2	8.6
Manufacturing.....	254.3	261.6	262.7	261.9	7.6	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	580.9	584.2	588.2	598.4	17.5	3.0
Information .....	32.6	33.2	33.3	33.8	1.2	3.7
Financial activities .....	142.1	147.0	147.8	146.0	3.9	2.7
Professional and business services .....	431.8	448.8	447.7	449.0	17.2	4.0
Education and health services .....	338.6	358.6	364.0	364.8	26.2	7.7
Leisure and hospitality.....	273.2	283.5	281.4	286.3	13.1	4.8
Other services .....	100.0	102.4	102.9	103.0	3.0	3.0
Government.....	381.0	380.1	387.9	390.3	9.3	2.4
<b>Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, Calif.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	5,673.0	5,674.5	5,726.8	5,765.2	92.2	1.6
Mining and logging .....	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.4	0.1	1.9
Construction .....	202.3	213.2	212.8	216.1	13.8	6.8
Manufacturing.....	523.6	509.2	509.7	510.8	-12.8	-2.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	1,068.9	1,042.7	1,053.1	1,077.2	8.3	0.8
Information .....	230.9	233.7	236.4	235.2	4.3	1.9
Financial activities .....	322.4	320.8	321.1	322.0	-0.4	-0.1
Professional and business services .....	874.2	897.8	903.5	902.8	28.6	3.3
Education and health services .....	916.7	927.2	944.2	950.5	33.8	3.7
Leisure and hospitality.....	628.7	647.7	645.0	643.9	15.2	2.4
Other services .....	193.3	195.3	195.7	195.5	2.2	1.1
Government.....	706.7	681.3	699.9	705.8	-0.9	-0.1
<b>Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, Fla.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	2,392.9	2,416.0	2,442.2	2,473.7	80.8	3.4
Mining and logging .....	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0
Construction .....	97.1	104.3	106.0	105.7	8.6	8.9
Manufacturing.....	79.1	79.9	80.4	80.9	1.8	2.3

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued**

Area	Nov 2013	Sep 2014	Oct 2014	Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	Nov 2013 to	
					Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	
					Net change	Percent change
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	563.6	566.9	571.6	585.6	22.0	3.9
Information .....	46.5	46.7	46.8	47.1	0.6	1.3
Financial activities .....	166.8	169.1	171.0	173.5	6.7	4.0
Professional and business services .....	376.5	384.6	388.7	395.3	18.8	5.0
Education and health services .....	350.8	354.1	358.5	359.0	8.2	2.3
Leisure and hospitality.....	289.7	287.5	290.5	298.4	8.7	3.0
Other services .....	113.3	115.9	117.1	117.6	4.3	3.8
Government.....	308.9	306.4	311.0	310.0	1.1	0.4
<b>New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, N.Y.-N.J.-Pa.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	8,842.6	8,844.0	8,910.2	8,950.5	107.9	1.2
Mining, logging, and construction.....	326.9	332.8	327.4	324.7	-2.2	-0.7
Manufacturing.....	358.6	355.1	355.4	353.3	-5.3	-1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	1,659.7	1,640.1	1,651.2	1,682.3	22.6	1.4
Information .....	280.1	272.8	273.7	275.8	-4.3	-1.5
Financial activities .....	738.8	741.7	739.5	738.3	-0.5	-0.1
Professional and business services .....	1,402.1	1,432.5	1,436.2	1,436.5	34.4	2.5
Education and health services .....	1,662.9	1,661.8	1,690.2	1,704.3	41.4	2.5
Leisure and hospitality.....	779.8	819.8	808.2	797.7	17.9	2.3
Other services .....	384.1	383.9	387.5	389.1	5.0	1.3
Government.....	1,249.6	1,203.5	1,240.9	1,248.5	-1.1	-0.1
<b>Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	2,795.7	2,761.4	2,782.7	2,790.9	-4.8	-0.2
Mining, logging, and construction.....	107.9	112.7	112.0	112.5	4.6	4.3
Manufacturing.....	180.4	179.3	179.0	179.0	-1.4	-0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	519.5	511.7	515.5	522.8	3.3	0.6
Information .....	47.5	45.9	45.8	46.2	-1.3	-2.7
Financial activities .....	202.7	204.5	204.4	204.7	2.0	1.0
Professional and business services .....	443.2	443.6	445.1	446.0	2.8	0.6
Education and health services .....	585.7	577.6	585.3	588.3	2.6	0.4
Leisure and hospitality.....	240.3	242.7	240.6	234.6	-5.7	-2.4
Other services .....	122.0	120.1	120.9	120.8	-1.2	-1.0
Government.....	346.5	323.3	334.1	336.0	-10.5	-3.0
<b>San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, Calif.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	2,142.3	2,175.9	2,192.6	2,211.6	69.3	3.2
Mining and logging .....	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Construction .....	96.9	104.5	104.2	104.6	7.7	7.9
Manufacturing.....	118.0	118.8	118.9	120.1	2.1	1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	356.1	353.0	358.4	364.8	8.7	2.4
Information .....	73.8	76.6	77.0	77.3	3.5	4.7
Financial activities .....	125.8	125.9	125.2	124.3	-1.5	-1.2
Professional and business services .....	424.8	440.3	443.5	449.7	24.9	5.9
Education and health services .....	318.7	324.9	328.0	329.3	10.6	3.3
Leisure and hospitality.....	243.7	252.7	252.7	254.1	10.4	4.3
Other services .....	80.2	80.3	80.6	80.4	0.2	0.2
Government.....	303.1	297.7	302.9	305.8	2.7	0.9
<b>Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va.</b>						
Total nonfarm.....	3,107.9	3,086.7	3,108.2	3,126.8	18.9	0.6
Mining, logging, and construction.....	147.4	150.7	151.4	151.8	4.4	3.0
Manufacturing.....	46.6	45.5	44.6	44.1	-2.5	-5.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities .....	402.7	392.3	395.8	407.3	4.6	1.1
Information .....	75.1	73.0	72.2	72.3	-2.8	-3.7

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued**

Area	Nov 2013	Sep 2014	Oct 2014	Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	Nov 2013 to	
					Nov 2014 <sup>(p)</sup>	
					Net change	Percent change
Financial activities .....	152.3	156.2	156.3	156.0	3.7	2.4
Professional and business services .....	703.8	700.7	703.8	708.5	4.7	0.7
Education and health services .....	403.7	392.7	400.6	401.9	-1.8	-0.4
Leisure and hospitality.....	294.1	300.7	299.4	297.2	3.1	1.1
Other services .....	190.1	189.9	190.7	190.9	0.8	0.4
Government.....	692.1	685.0	693.4	696.8	4.7	0.7

Footnotes:

(1) U.S. data are preliminary for two months after they are first published.

(p) = preliminary